



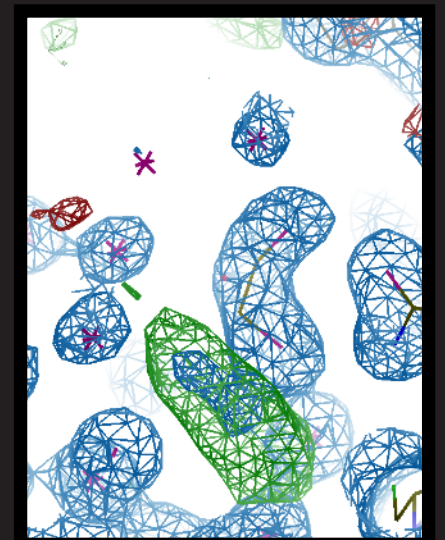
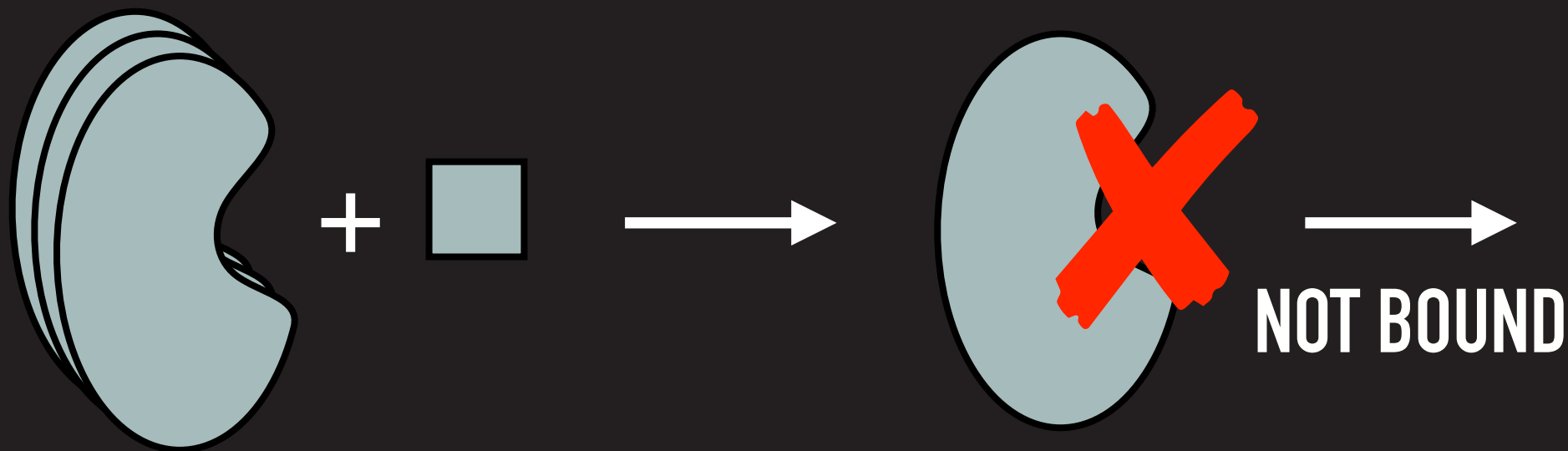
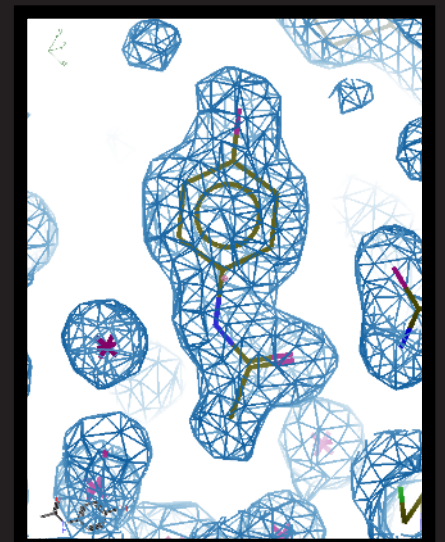
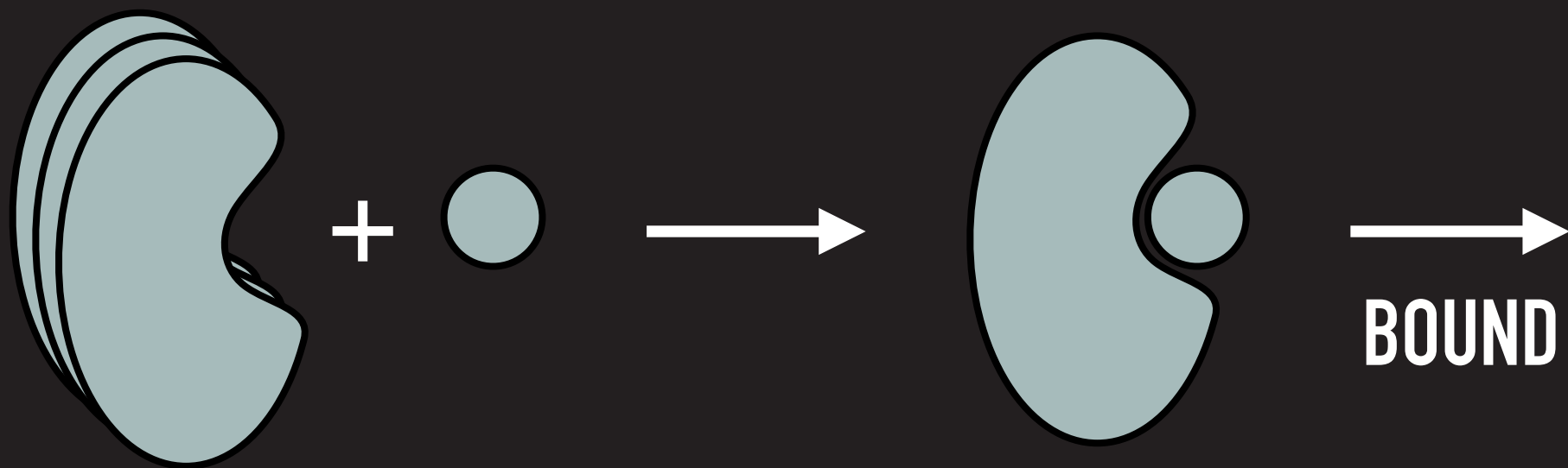
Re-modelling multi-state models

PARTIAL OCCUPANCY FEATURES



LIGAND BINDING IN CRYSTALLOGRAPHY

- Study ligand-binding in protein crystals — does it bind?
- If ligand binds, it appears in the electron density.



PROBLEMS: PARTIAL OCCUPANCY

What if the ligand only binds to a fraction of the crystal?

Crystal:

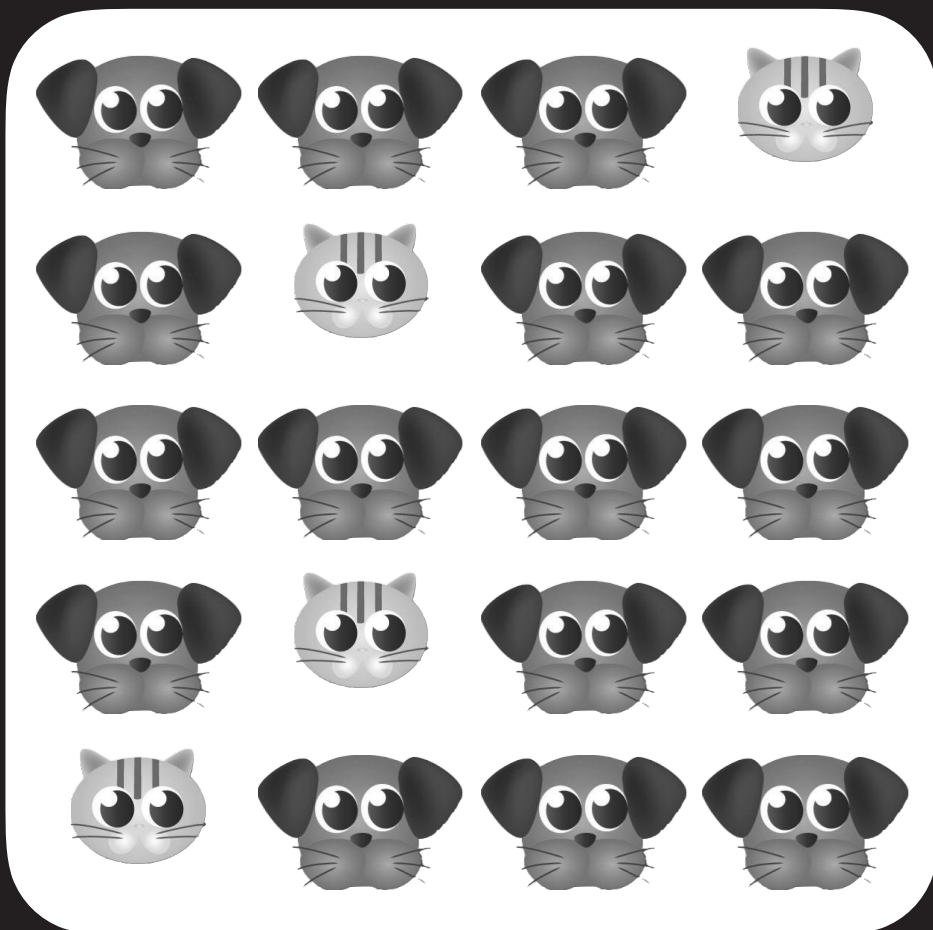
Contains bound (cat) and
unbound (dog) states

Diffraction:

Average over the crystal
(80% dog + 20% cat)

Density:

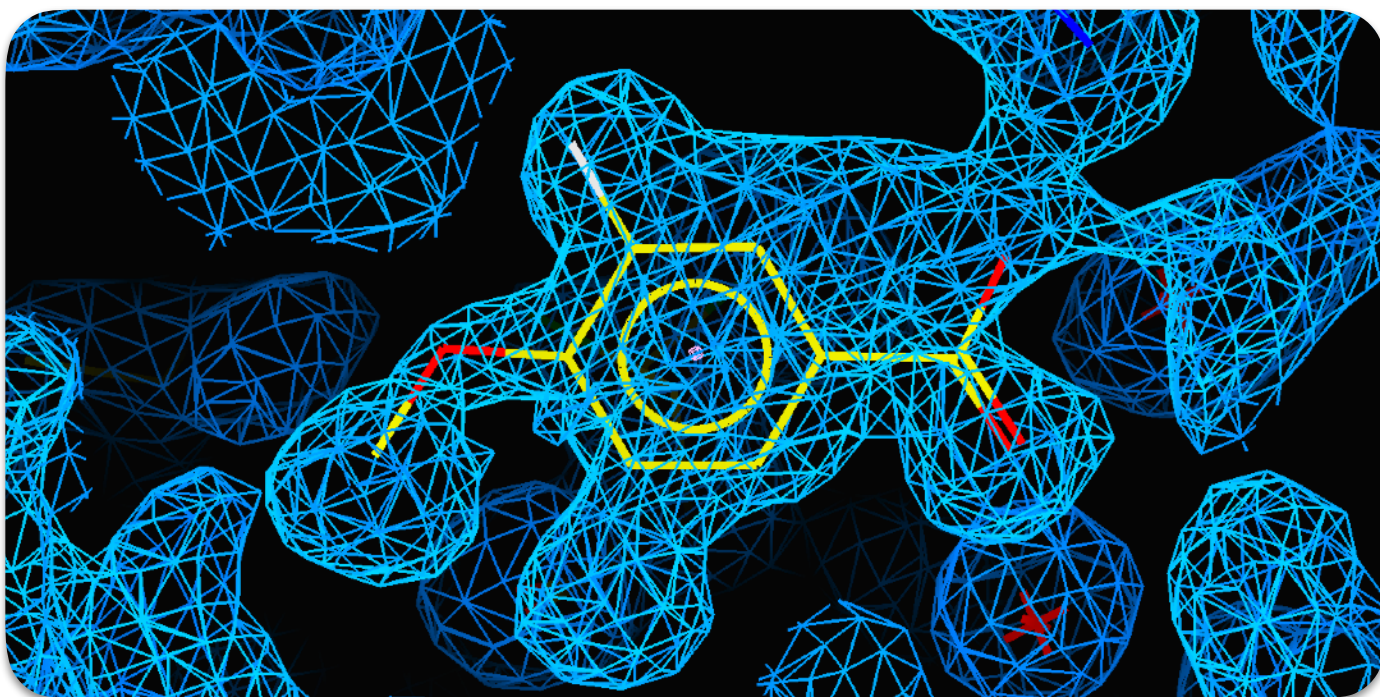
Looks like the
dominant state



EXAMPLE: OBSCURED LIGAND



STANDARD $2mF_o-DF_c$ MAP (1.39Å; 0.3RMSD)

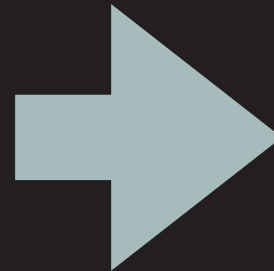


Normal density maps show only the superposition of the full crystal.
They are not useful for identifying partial occupancy features.

REVISITING PARTIAL OCCUPANCY

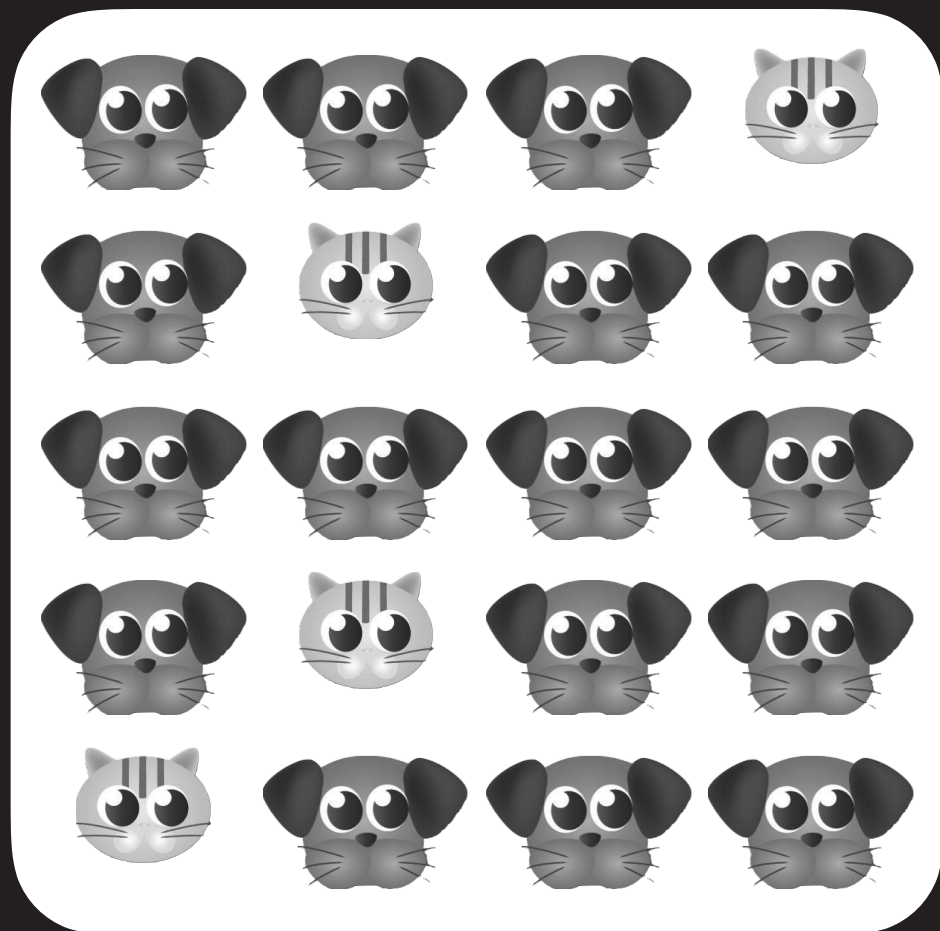
The ligand is bound to a
fraction of the crystal:

80% dog + 20% cat



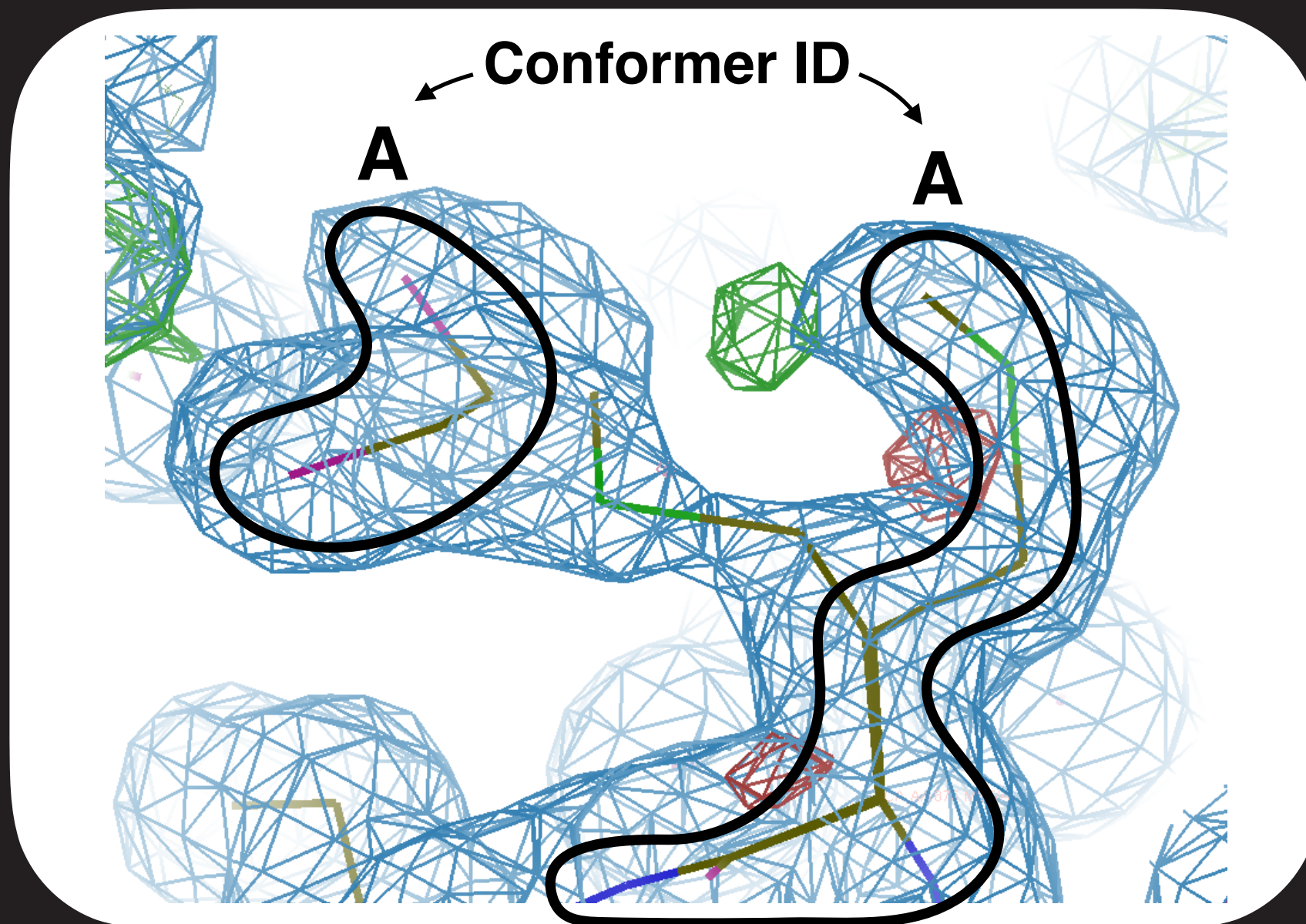
The model should reflect
the crystal content:

80% dog + 20% cat
or 20% dog + 80% cat !



NOTE ON MULTI-CONFORMER MODELS

- Crystallographic density is an average over many states
- “Alternate conformers” model these different crystal conformations

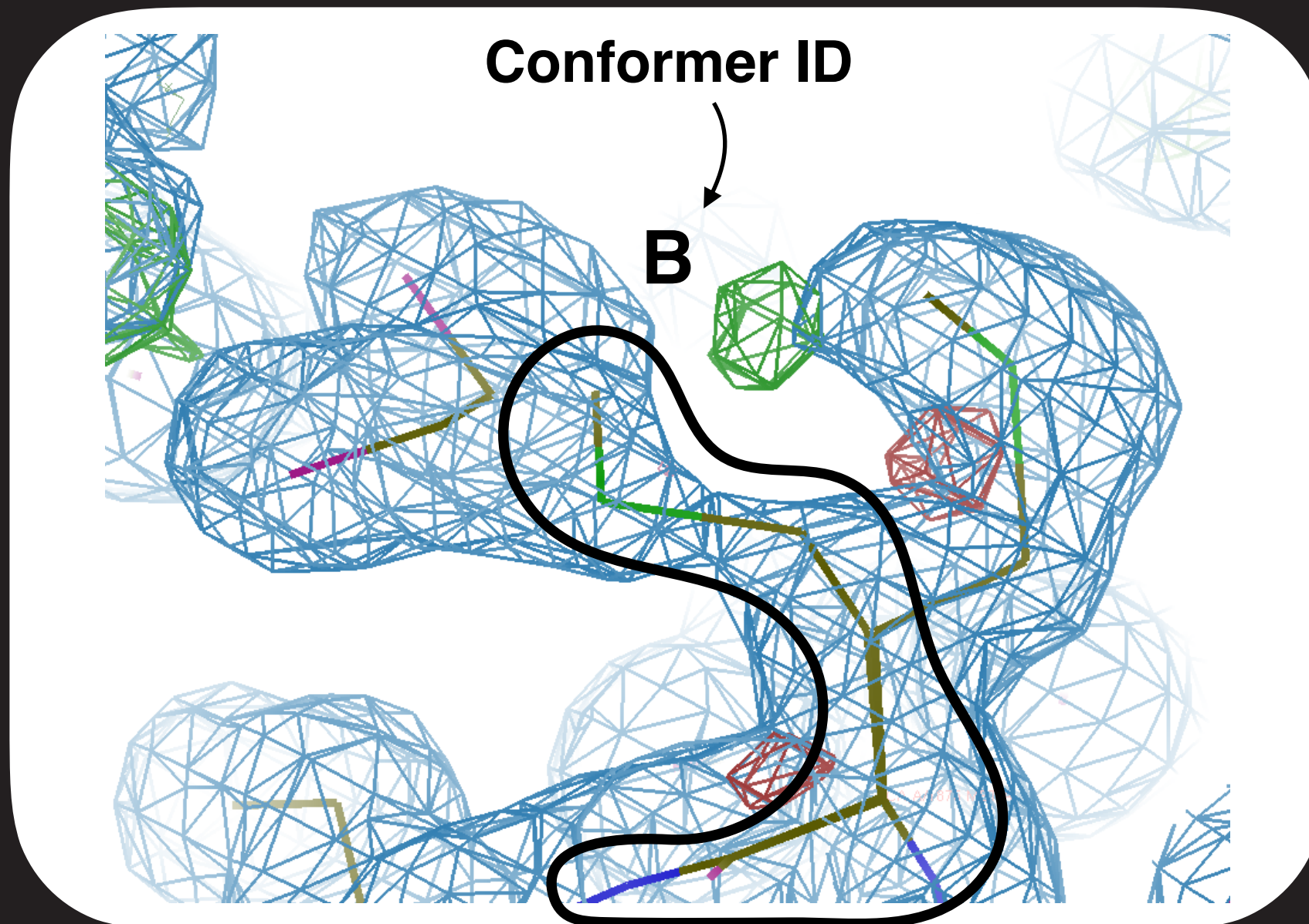


$2mF_o - DF_c$
blue
@ 1rmsd

$mF_o - DF_c$
green/red
@ ± 3 rmsd

NOTE ON MULTI-CONFORMER MODELS

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- “Alternate conformers” model these different crystal conformations



$2mF_o-DF_c$
blue
@ 1rmsd

mF_o-DF_c
green/red
@ ± 3 rmsd



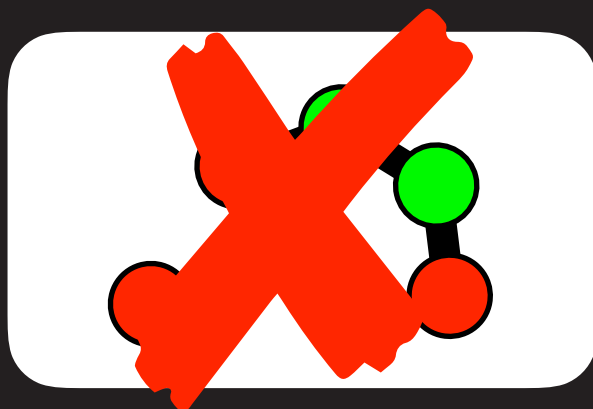
MULTI-STATE REFINEMENT PROTOCOL

From PanDDA $\rightsquigarrow$ Multi-state models

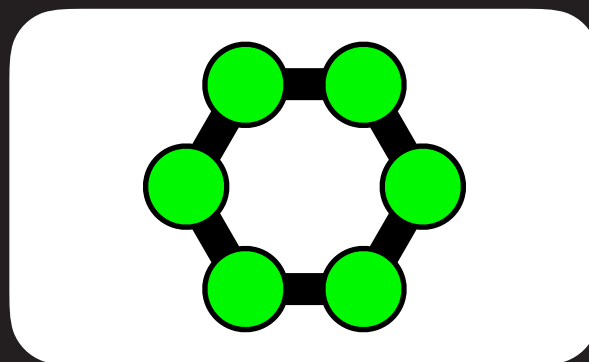
PARTIAL-OCCUPANCY MODELLING & REFINEMENT

NORMAL APPROACH

DELETE INPUT MODEL

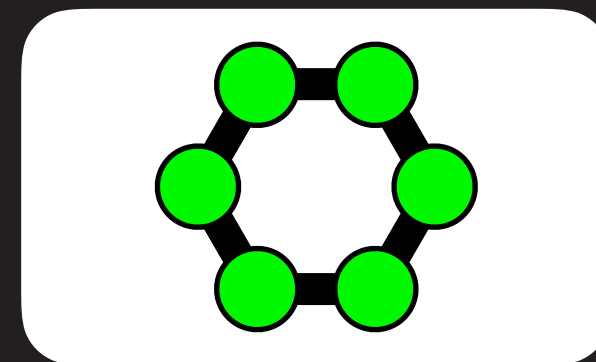


MODEL LIGAND



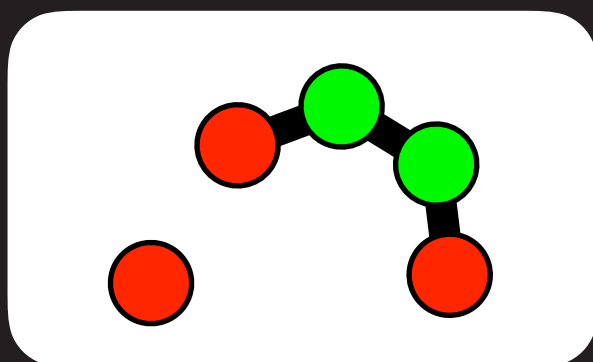
=

FINAL MODEL

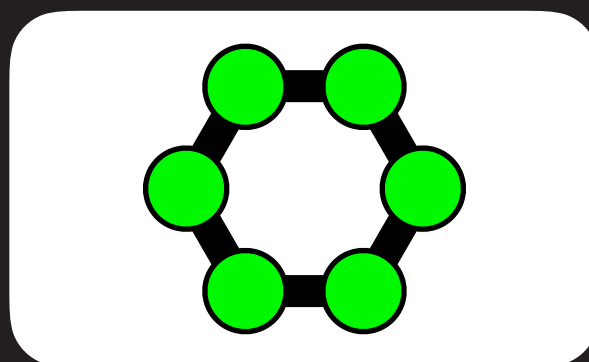


CORRECT APPROACH

COMBINE INPUT MODEL AND LIGAND MODEL

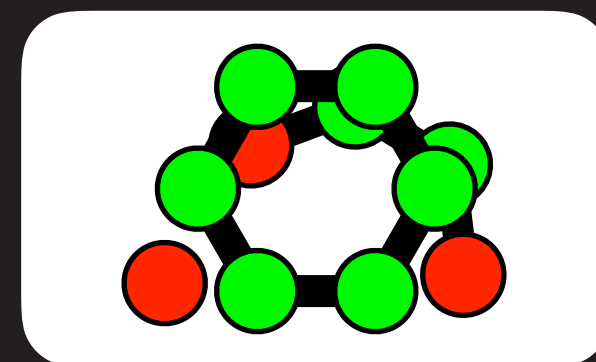


+



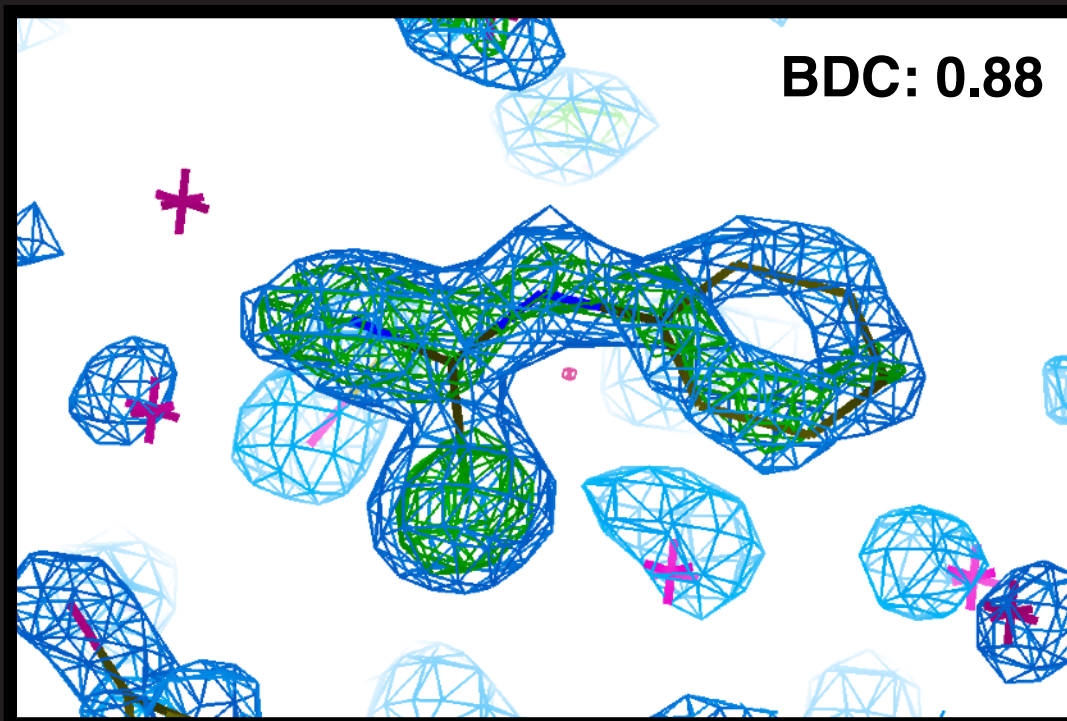
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ENSEMBLE MODEL



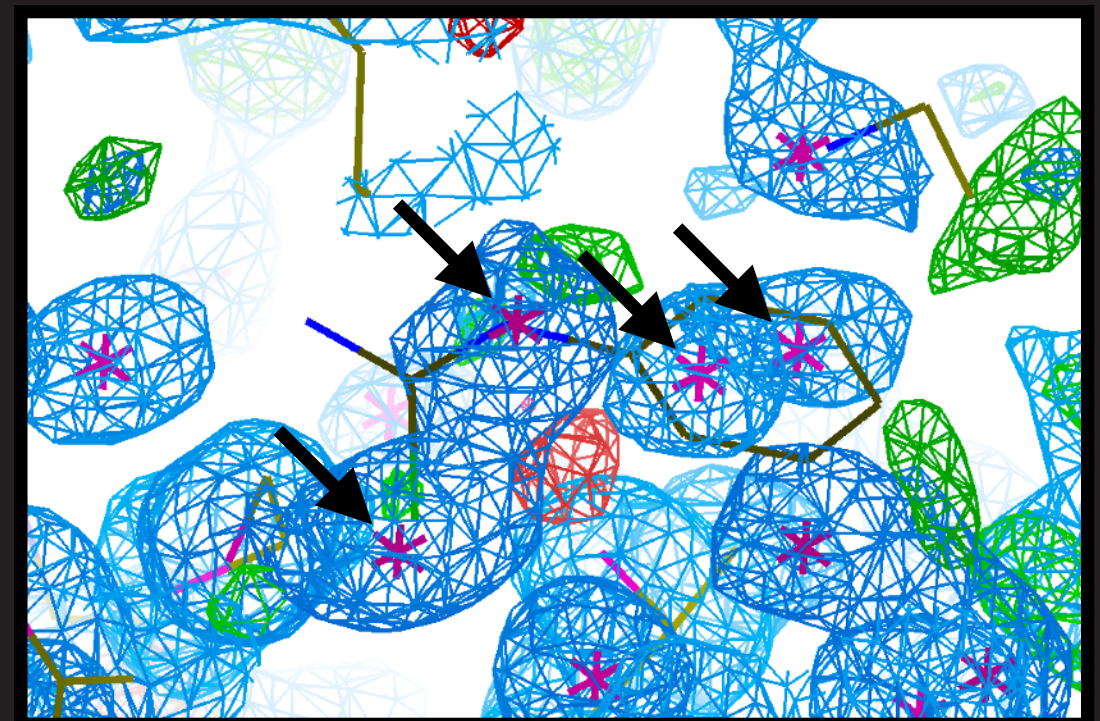
PARTIAL-OCCUPANCY MODELLING & REFINEMENT

PANDDA



EVENT (blue, 2rmsd)
ZMAP (green/red, ± 4)

REFINED



2FOFC (blue, 0.5rmsd)
FOFC (green/red, ± 3 rmsd)

- Merging the solvent model from another dataset creates a good model
- Ligands do not “appear” in the maps after refinement (nor should they!)

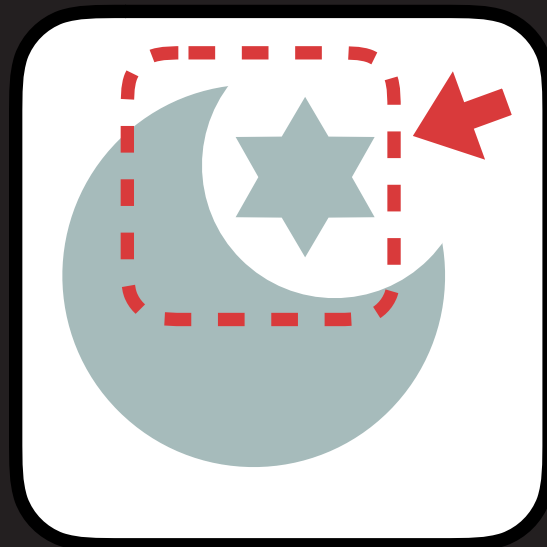


MULTI-STATE REMODELLING

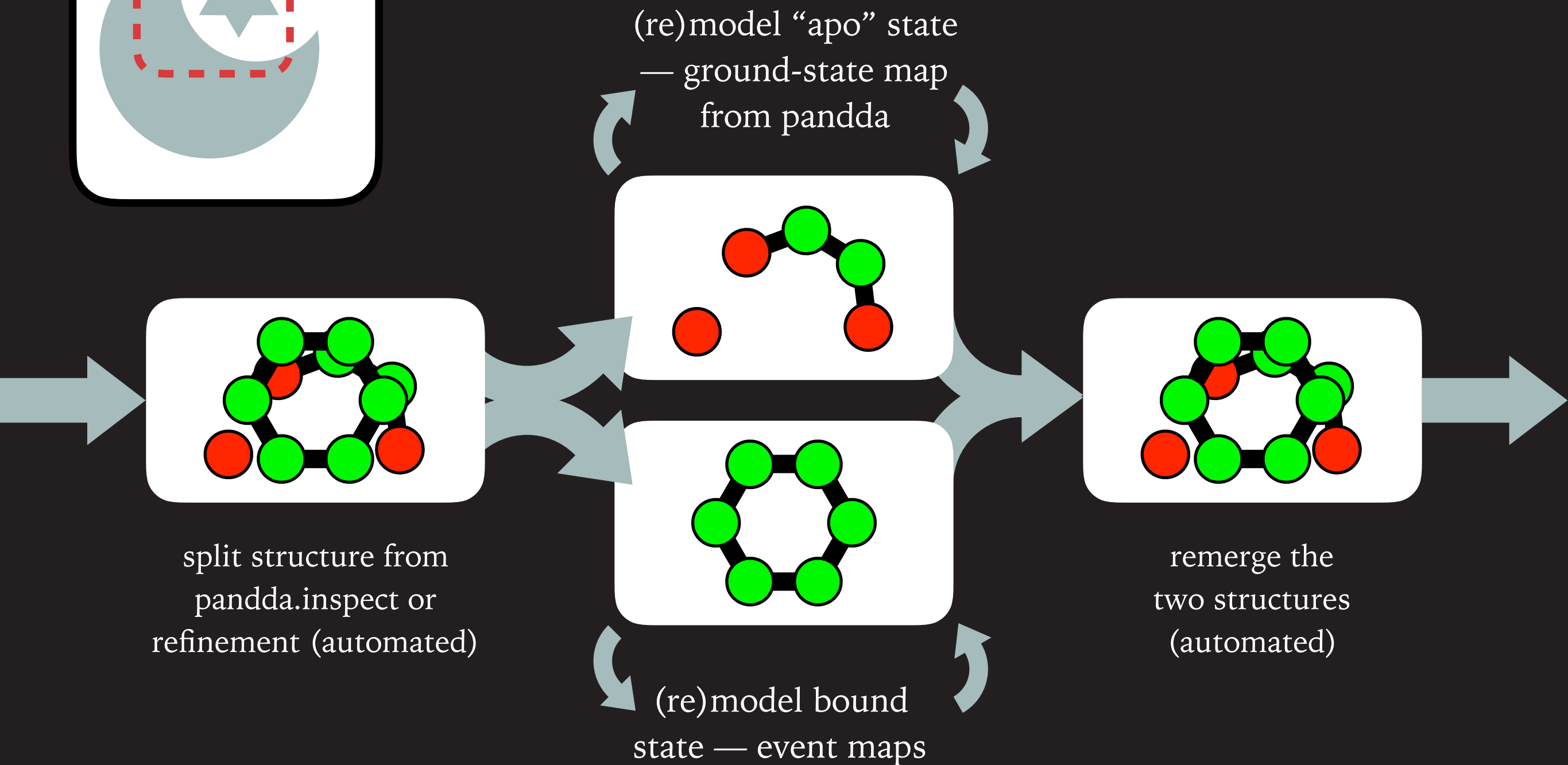
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MULTI-STATE MODELLING PROTOCOL



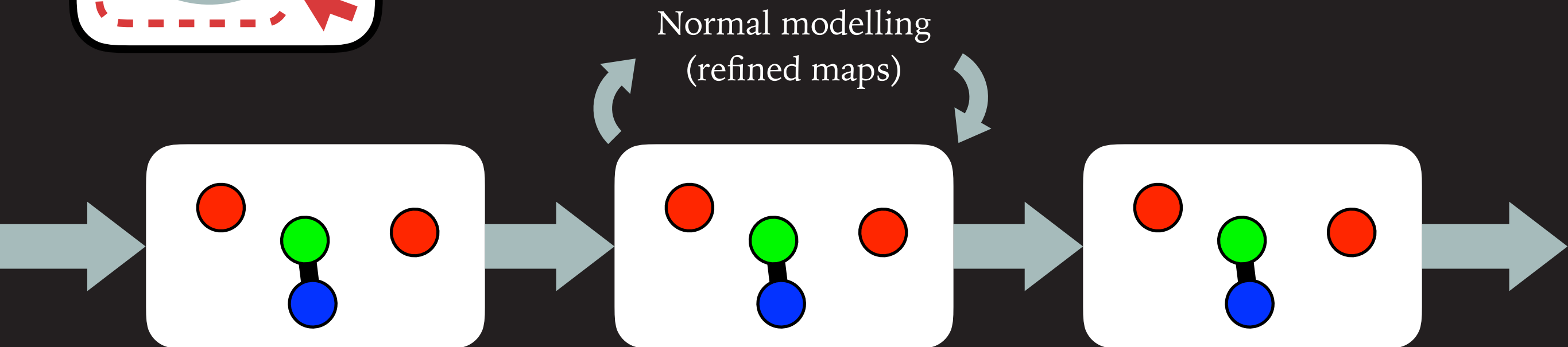
Modelling the ligand-bound region



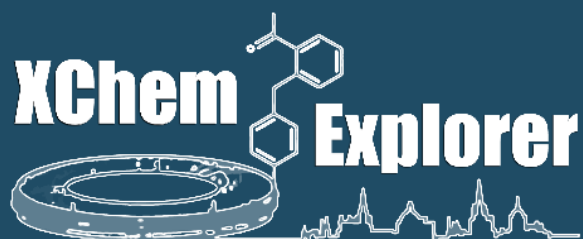
MULTI-STATE MODELLING PROTOCOL



Modelling a conserved ground-state region



XCHEMEXPLORER OVERVIEW



Diffraction Data Review

Diffraction Data Processing

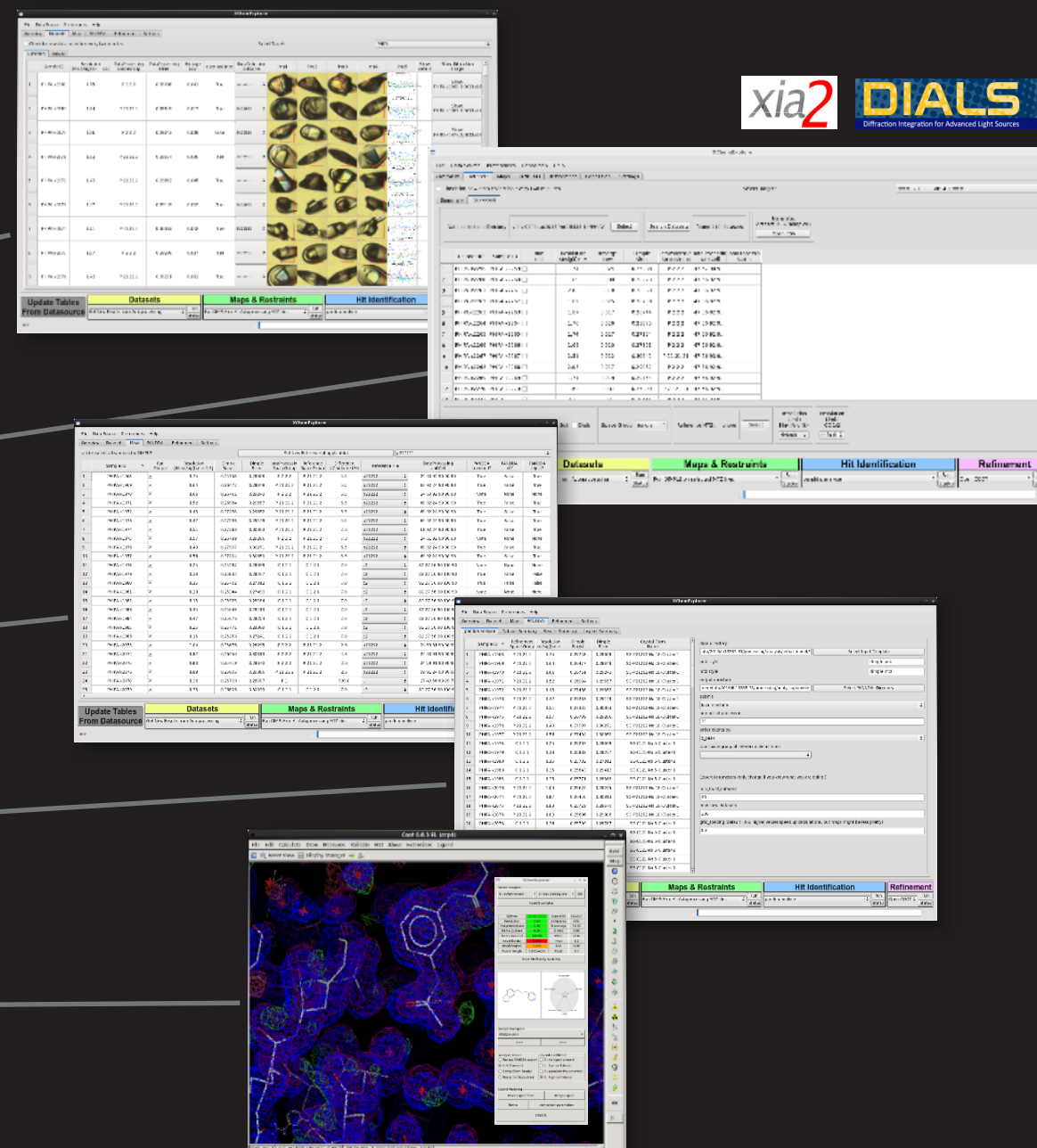
Initial Refinement + Restraints

Hit Identification (PanDDA)

Modelling + Refinement



+ deposition !

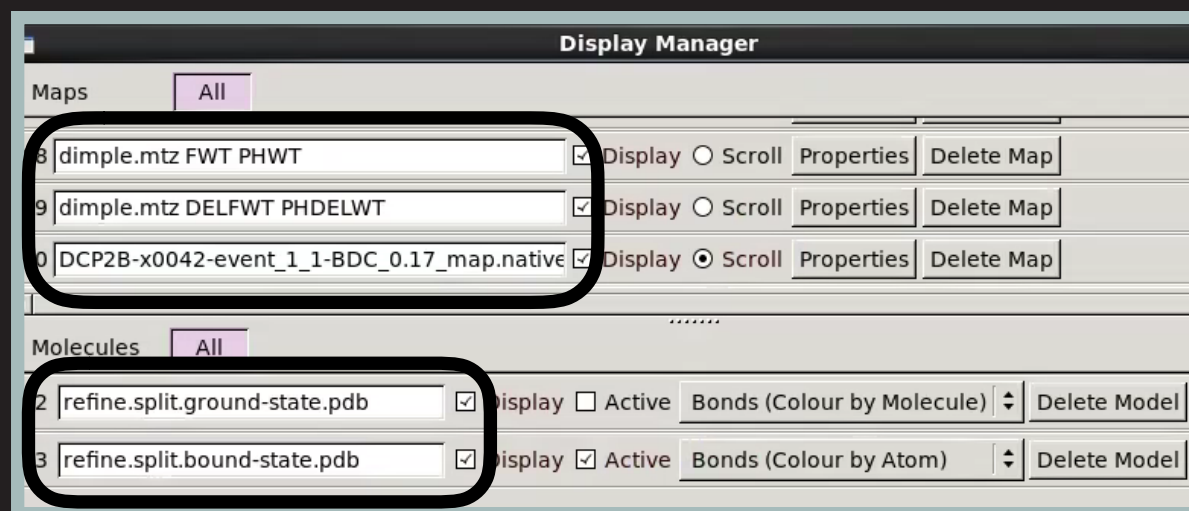


Krojer, T. et al. (2017) 'The XChemExplorer graphical workflow tool for routine or large-scale protein–ligand structure determination', Acta D Cryst.

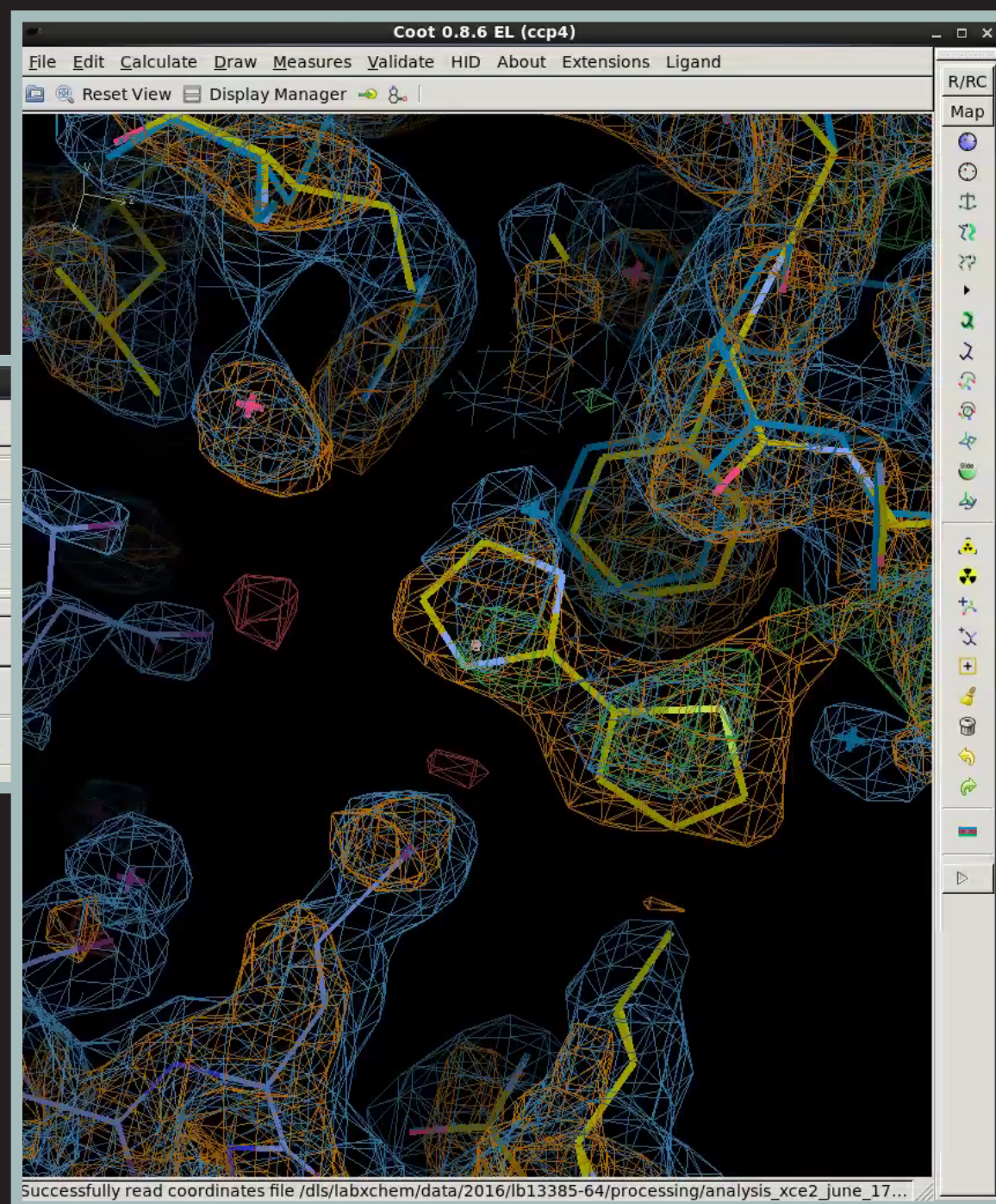
...IN XCHEM EXPLORER

modelling becomes more complex

MULTIPLE MAPS



TWO STRUCTURES



Acknowledgements



SGC & Diamond:

Frank von Delft

Tobias Krojer

Elliot Nelson

PX Group & i04-1 staff

UCB:

Jiye Shi

Sebastian Kelm

Statistics:

Charlotte Deane

Universiteit Utrecht

Piet Gros



SGC



diamond



pxg



EPSRC

Engineering and Physical Sciences
Research Council

